

### Python for Engineers and Scientists

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**Collaborations:** 

Microsoft Research and Barcelona Supercomputing Center Barcelona, Spain

**European Network on High Performance and Embedded Architecture** and Compilation

**UCERD Pvt Ltd Islamabad** 



### Intro: Tassadaq Hussain

#### **Research Areas:**

- High Performance Computing
- Digital System Design
- Machine/Deep Learning
- Heterogeneous Computing:
  - FPGAs, GPUs and Microprocessors
- Real-time Embedded Vision
- Virtual/Augmented Reality

#### **Professional Affiliations**

- HiPEAC: European Network on High Performance and Embedded Architecture and Compilation
- Barcelona Supercomputing Center Spain
- Université de Valenciennes France
- Centre or Chiropractic Research New Zeland

PhD – UPC BarcelonaTech Spain MS (Digital System Design) – ISEP Paris France

#### **Projects**

- 1) Design, Development And Production Of Hardware Based Gel Documentation System For Dna, Rna And Protiens Analysis
- Development of Scalable Heterogeneous Super-computing System
- Low Power Low Cost Supercomputer Architecture for Undeveloped Countries. 2016 UCERD and BlueSurge Pvt Ltd 2.5 Million
- 4) FPGA Powered Supercomputer System Riphah and UCERD
- 5) Iris based Disease Diagnosis System (NRPU-18) 2.52 Million Rs.
- 6) Design Ultra Low Cost Display Camera Interface for Mobile Baseband XGold Chip at Infineon Technologies France.
- Implementation of Reverse Time Migration on FGPAs at PLDA Italia

#### Research Grants: (0.6 Million US \$)

- HEC NRPU 1
- Technology Development Fund (2)
- Pakistan Science Foundation
- Publications: (I.F. 30.2)
  - Referred Top Conferences: 45
  - Book Chapter: 2
  - Journal 17
- Patent: 17

#### Industrial Experience: (Above 16 Years)



### Agenda

- Importance of Programming Languages
- Python Language
- Python for Engineers
  - Interfacing with external world
  - RasppberyPi Odroid Arduino
  - Computer Vision
- Python for Scientists
  - Data Analyti
  - ML/DL



# Why Programming



Artificial General Intelligence



**ANI** 

Artificial Narrow Intelligence





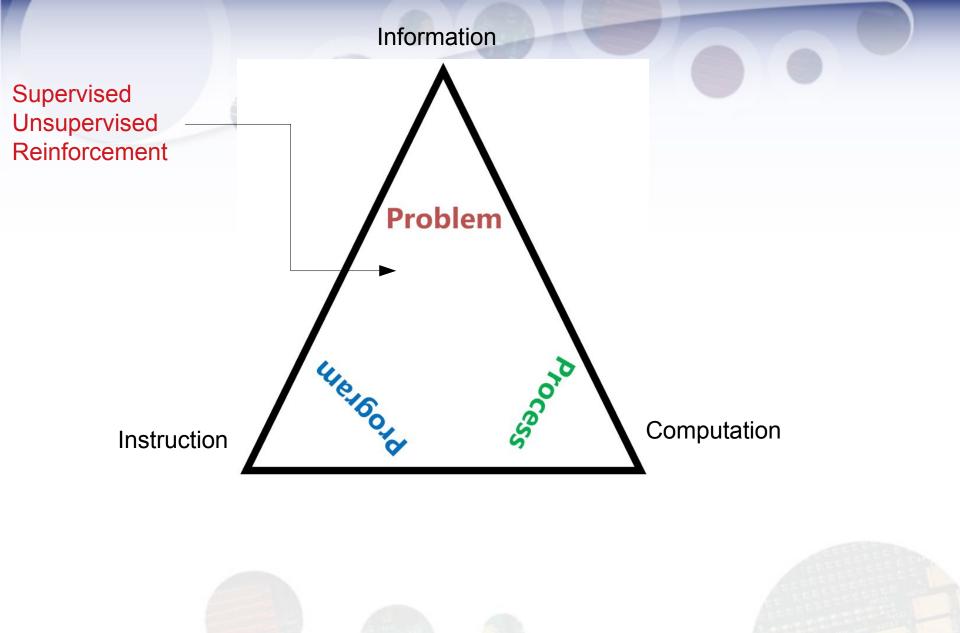




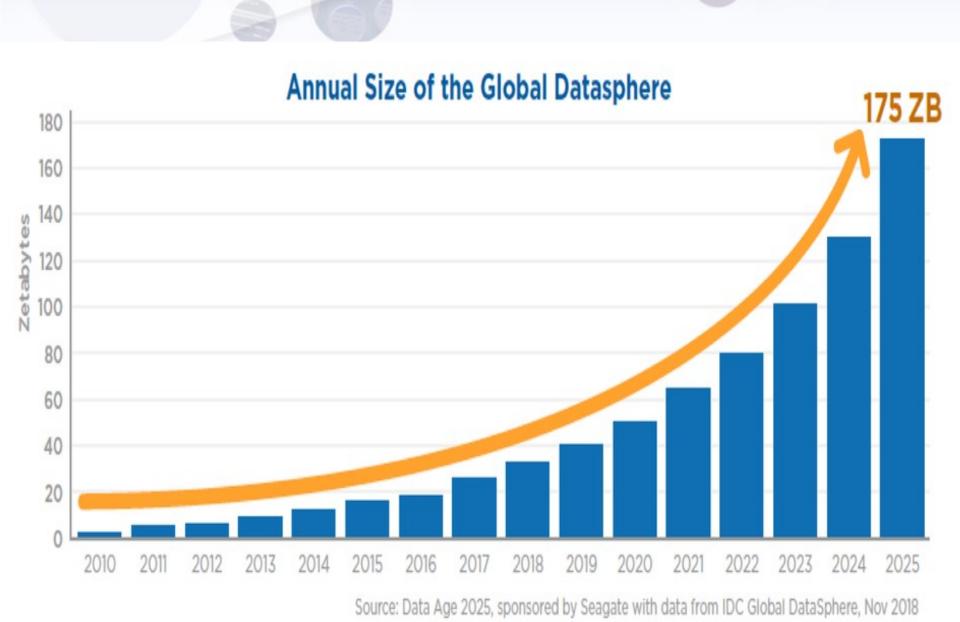


An Elizabethan woodcut of a Brazen Head speaking: "Time is. Time was. Time is past."

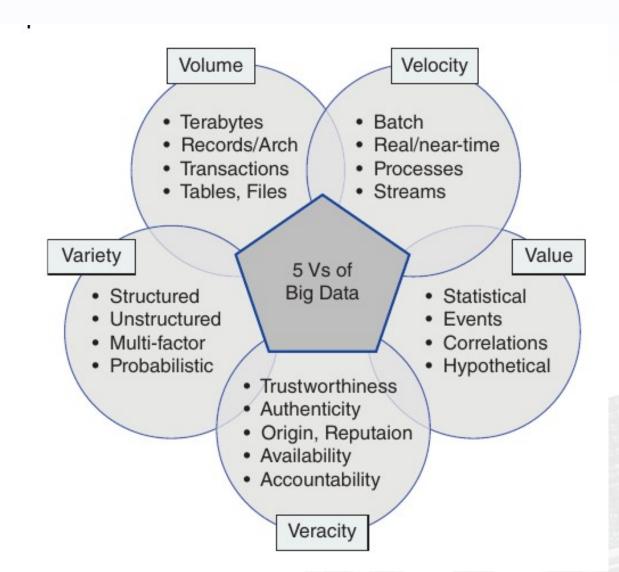








# Big Data

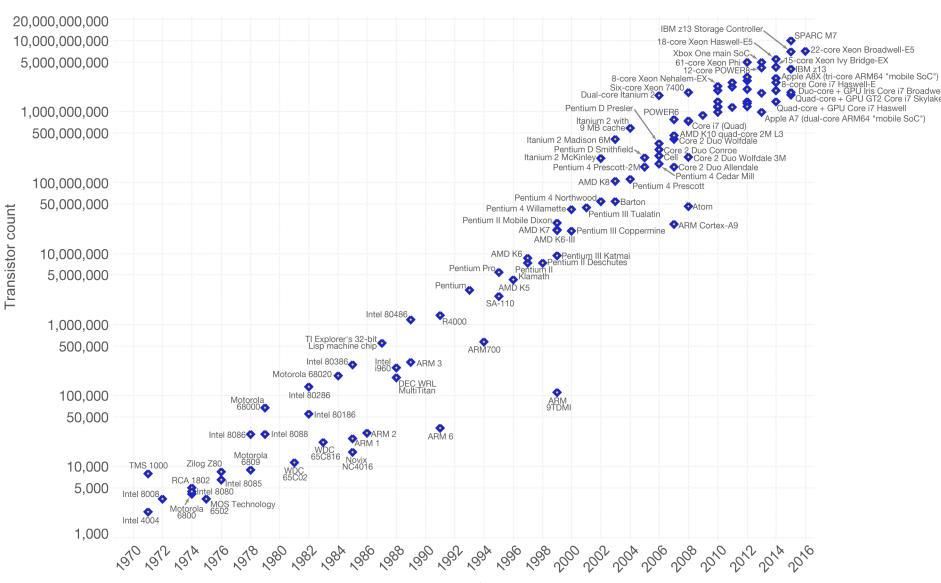




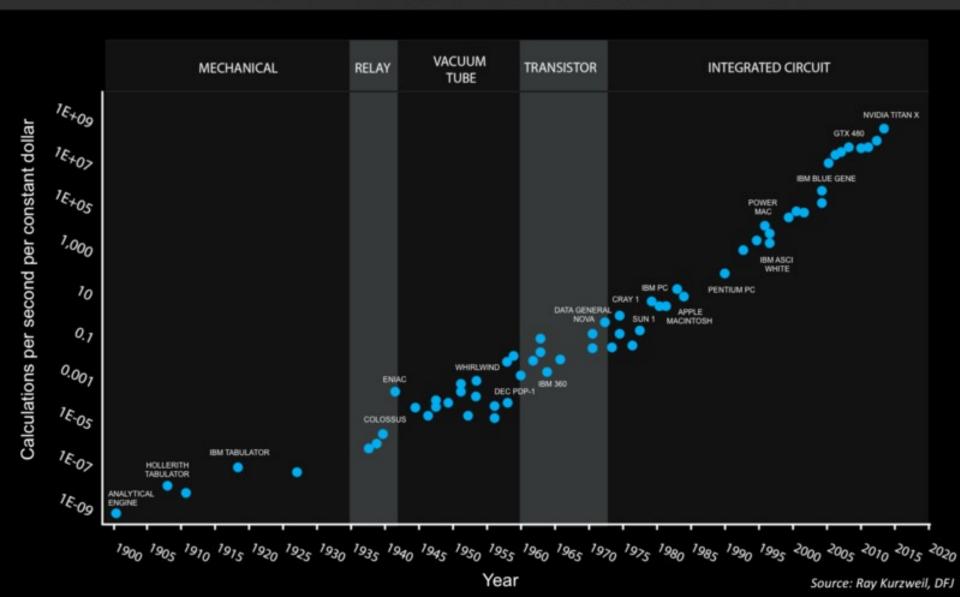
#### Moore's Law – The number of transistors on integrated circuit chips (1971-2016)

Our World in Data

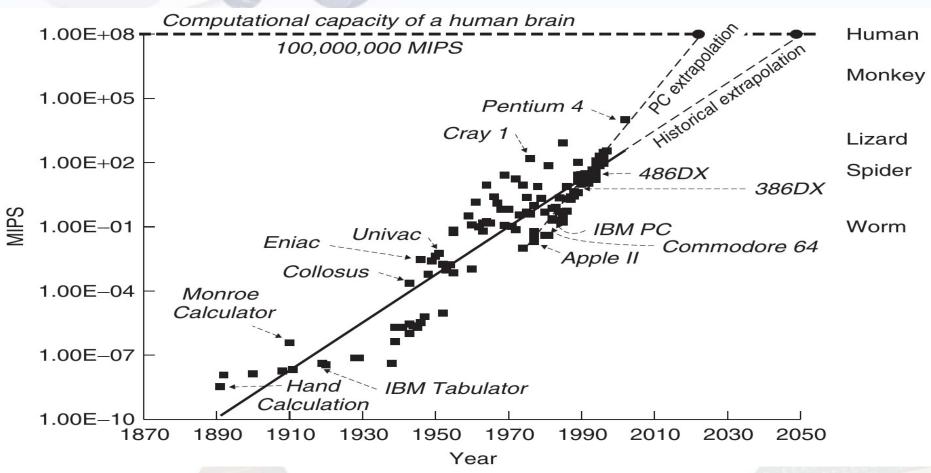
Moore's law describes the empirical regularity that the number of transistors on integrated circuits doubles approximately every two years. This advancement is important as other aspects of technological progress – such as processing speed or the price of electronic products – are strongly linked to Moore's law.



### 120 Years of Moore's Law



# Computational Capability





It is estimated that sometime between the years 2025 and 2050, a personal computers will exceed the calculation power of a human brain.

#### Pillars of Science

Science

Fermi National **Accelerator Laboratory** 



Includes particle physics and



**Particle Physics** 



Includes all of cosmology, astrophysics



Processing, Internet etc



DNA here is all of biology



geology and all of planetary science



**Space** 









**DNA** 

**SPACE** 

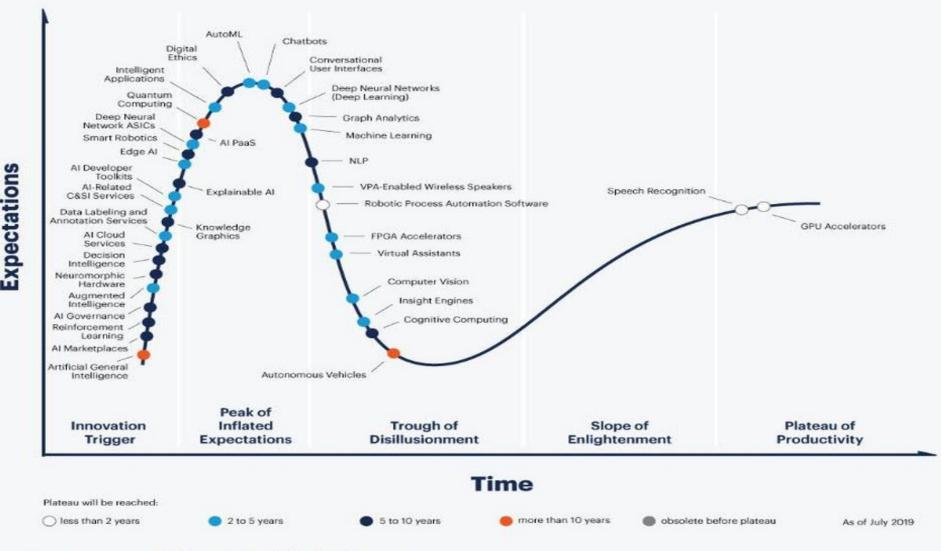
**QUARKS** 

**BIG BANG** 

**Cloud Computing** 



### Gartner Hype Cycle for Artificial Intelligence, 2019



gartner.com/SmarterWithGartner

Gartner.

### Intellectual Capability



## Programming Languages?

- A programming language is a set of rules that provides a way of telling a computer what operations to perform.
- A programming language is a set of rules for communicating an algorithm
- It provides a linguistic framework for describing computations



### **Level of Programming Languages**

High-level program

```
class Triangle {
    ...
    float surface()
       return b*h/2;
    }
```

Low-level program

```
LOAD r1,b
LOAD r2,h
MUL r1,r2
DIV r1,#2
RET
```

Executable Machine code

- First Generation Languages
- Second Generation Languages
- Third Generation Languages
- Fourth Generation Languages
- Fifth Generation Languages

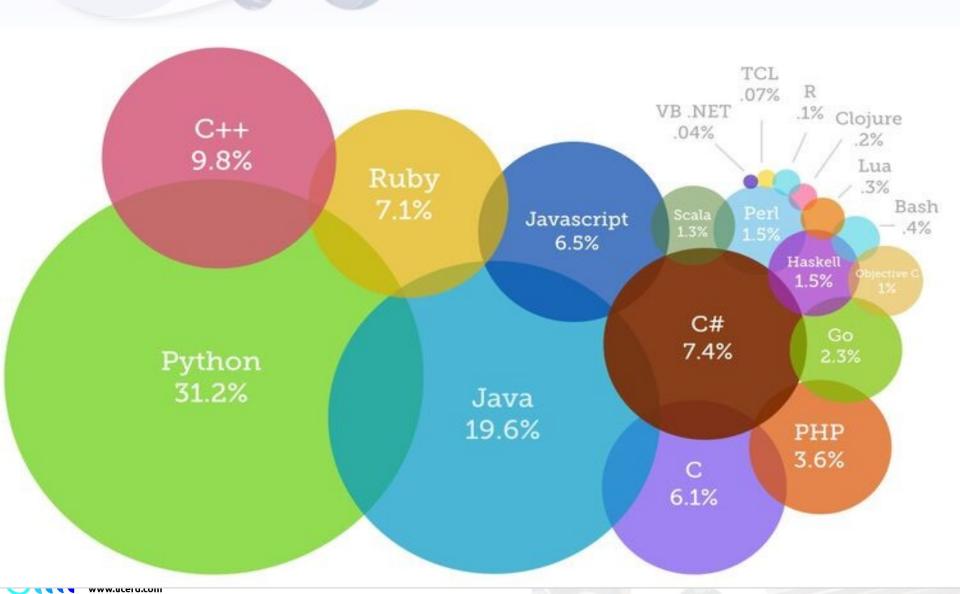


# 5<sup>th</sup> Generation Language

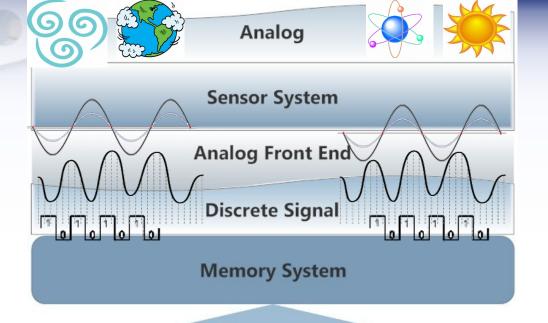
- Declarative languages
- Functional(?): Lisp, Scheme, SML
  - Also called applicative
  - Everything is a function
- Logic: Prolog
  - Based on mathematical logic
  - Rule- or Constraint-based



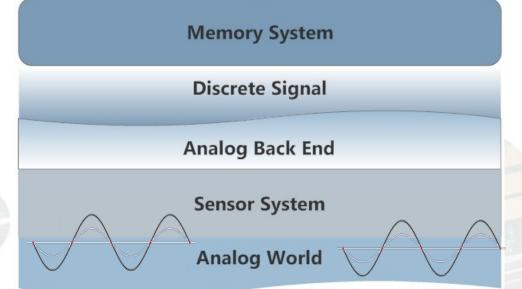
# Popular Coding Languages



# Signal Processing System

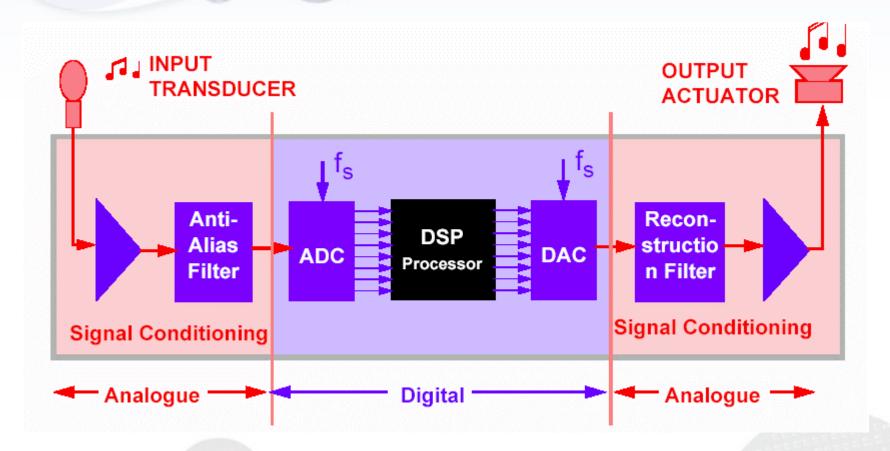


Processing System



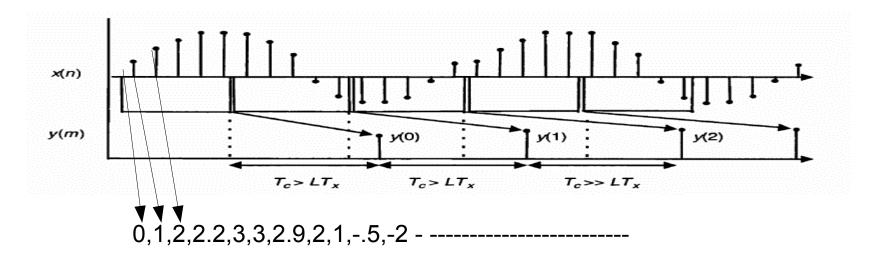


# Signal Processing System





### **Signals**



$$x[100]=0,1,2,2.2,3,3,2.9,2,1,-.5,-2]$$



### Levels of processing

#### **Scalar Processing**

Perform single operation on a single signal value

#### **Stream Processing**

 All computations with one input sample are completed before the next input sample arrives

#### **Block processing**

 Each input sample x(n) is stored in memory before any processing occurs upon it. After L input samples have arrived, the entire collection of samples is processed at once.

#### **Vector processing**

 Systems with several input and/or output signals being computed at once: can work with streams or blocks

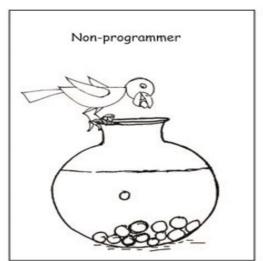


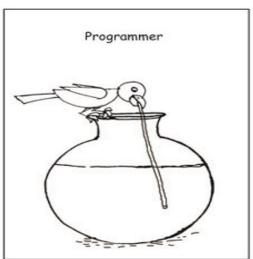
# Parallel Programmings

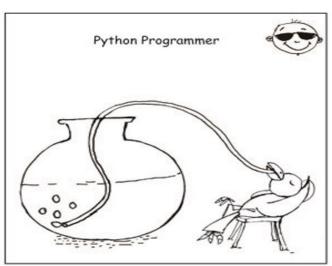
- C++
  - Pthread Libraries
- Parallel Programming Models
  - OpenMP
  - MPI
  - OpenACC
  - OpenCL



# Problem Program and Process







You have seen it all, Now, Choice is yours :-)

